





5115 Dudley Blvd. Bldg A, McClellan, CA 95652 (916) 566-1600

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1400 Grand Avenue, Sacramento, CA 95838 🗞 (916) 566-3450 2013-14 School Accountability Report Card

SARC Information

Every school in California is required by state law to publish a School Accountability Report Card (SARC), by February 1st of each year. The SARC contains information about the condition and performance of each California public school. Under the Local Control Funding Formula (LCFF) all Local Educational Agencies (LEAs) are required to prepare a Local Control Accountability Plan (LCAP), which describes how they intend to meet annual school-specific goals for all pupils, with specific activities to address state and local priorities. Additionally, data reported in a LCAP is to be consistent with data reported in the SARC.

- For more information about SARC requirements, see the California Department of Education (CDE) SARC webpage at http://www.cde.ca.gov/ta/ac/sa/.
- View this SARC online at the school and/or LEA websites.
- For more information about the LCFF or LCAP, see the CDE LCFF Webpage at http://www.cde.ca.gov/fg/aa/ Ic/.
- For additional information about the school, parents and community members should contact the school principal or the district office.

School Mission Statement

The aggressive and unrelenting pursuit of academic, social, artistic, athletic, and vocational excellence is the Mission of Grant Union High School. To that end, we will provide a safe and orderly learning environment. We will instill multicultural awareness. We will model and develop positive values, self-esteem, and personal responsibility. We will motivate students to achieve their maximum potential as life-long learners.

District & School Profile (School Year 2014-15)

Twin Rivers Unified School District is California's newest unified school district, combining the former North Sacramento, Del Paso Heights, Rio Linda Union, and Grant Joint Union High School Districts. Started in the 2008-09 school year, Twin Rivers Unified School District is located in Sacramento County and has 30 elementary schools, 5 middle schools, and four high schools. Our district also offers families the option of two alternative schools, a special education center, an independent learning center, two adult education centers, one community day school, one opportunity school, preschools and three dependent charter schools. Grant High School had a beginning enrollment of 1,984 students in grades nine through twelve for the 2013-14 school year.

Enrollment By Ethnicity Or Student Group (School Year 2013-14)

This chart illustrates the enrollment trend by ethnicity or student group.

School Enrollment & Attendance (School Year 2013-14)

School districts receive financial support from the state for the education of the students they serve based on how many students attend each day. Most importantly, attendance is critical to academic achievement and regular daily attendance is a priority at Grant High School. Student attendance is carefully monitored to identify those students exhibiting excessive absences.

Attendance, tardy, and truancy policies are clearly stated, consistently enforced, and consequences fairly administered. Parents are advised of their responsibilities, including proper notification of when and why students are absent. The school monitors student attendance very closely, makes phone calls to parents on a daily basis, and will send letters home if absences become a problem.

Enrollment by Student Group						
2013-14						
	Percentage					
African American	23.6%					
American Indian	0.7%					
Asian	19.0%					
Filipino	0.9%					
Hispanic or Latino	43.5%					
Pacific Islander	2.6%					
White	7.2%					
Two or More	1.7%					
None Reported	0.8%					
English Learners	22.1%					
Socioeconomically Disadvantaged	92.3%					
Students with Disabilities	14.0%					

Students are referred to the School Attendance Review Board (SARB) when they have persistent attendance and behavior problems in school, and when the normal avenues of classroom, school, and district counseling are not effective.

This chart illustrates the enrollment trend by grade level for the past three school years.

Enrollment Trend by Grade Level								
	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14					
9th	602	562	607					
10th	573	564	525					
11th	456	447	472					
12th	392	350	379					

A. Conditions of Learning

State Priority: Basic

The SARC provides the following information relevant to the Basic State Priority (Priority 1):

- Degree to which teachers are appropriately assigned and fully credentialed in the subject area and for the pupils they are teaching;
- Pupils have access to standards-aligned instructional materials; and
- School facilities are maintained in good repair.

Highly Qualified Teachers (School Year 2013-14)

The Federal No Child Left Behind Act requires that all teachers in core subject areas meet certain requirements in order to be considered as "Highly Qualified". Minimum qualifications include: possession of a Bachelor's Degree, possession of an appropriate California teaching credential, and demonstrated competence in core academic subjects. For more information, see the CDE Improving Teacher and Principal Quality Web page at: http://www.cde.ca.gov/nclb/sr/tq/.

Note: High-poverty schools have student eligibility of approximately 40 percent or more in the free and reduced price meals program. Low-poverty schools have student eligibility of approximately 39 percent or less.

NCLB Compliant Teachers							
	% of Core Academic Courses Taught By NCLB Compliant Teachers	% of Core Academic Courses Taught By Non-NCLB Compliant Teachers					
School	92.8%	7.2%					
District	75.3%	24.7%					
High-Poverty Schools in District	75.3%	24.7%					
Low-Poverty Schools in District	N/A	N/A					

Teacher Assignment

The district recruits and employs the most qualified credentialed teachers. This chart shows information about teacher credentials.

Teacher Credential Status							
		School		District			
	12-13	13-14	14-15	14-15			
Fully Credentialed	94	0	89	1181			
Without Full Credentials	3	0	2	14			
Working Outside Subject	0	0	0	53			

Misassignments refers to the number of positions filled by teachers who lack legal authorization to teach that grade level, subject area, student group, etc.

Teacher vacancies reflect the number of positions to which a single designated certificated employee has not been assigned at the beginning of the year for an entire semester or year.

Misassignments/Vacancies								
	12-13	13-14	14-15					
Misassignments of Teachers of English Learners	7	0	0					
Misassignments of Teachers (other)	2	0	0					
Total Misassignments of Teachers	9	0	0					
Vacant Teacher Positions	2	5	5					

Science Lab Equipment

The school stocks an adequate supply of equipment for its students. Inventory includes, but is not limited to: microscopes, slides, ring stands, clamps, support rings, utility clamps, test tubes, test tube holders and brushes, tongs, flasks, beakers, and Bunsen burners. For more information, please call the school office.

School Facilities (School Year 2014-15)

Grant Union High was originally constructed in 1932. The campus is currently comprised of 100 classrooms, a library, eight computer labs, three gyms, a music building, two staff lounges, a football stadium, and a cafeteria.

Cleaning Process and Schedule

The district governing board has adopted cleaning standards for all schools in the district. All schools are on a regular cleaning schedule. Each classroom is swept or vacuumed and the trash emptied. The cafeteria, gym, and all restrooms are cleaned daily. Grounds are groomed on a rotating basis, with trash, lawn, and plumbing issues addressed daily.

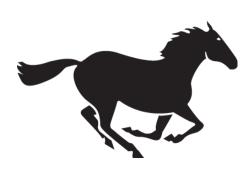
Maintenance and Repair

District maintenance staff ensures that the repairs necessary to keep the school in good repair and working order are completed in a timely manner. Three full-time and one half-time custodian ensure that all classrooms and facilities are in adequate condition.

A work order process is used to ensure efficient service and that emergency repairs are given the highest priority. At the time of publication, 100% of the restrooms are in complete working order.

Deferred Maintenance Budget

The district participates in the State School Deferred Maintenance Program, which provides state matching funds on a dollar-for-dollar basis, to assist school districts with expenditures for major repair or replacement of existing school building components. Typically, this includes roofing, plumbing, heating, air conditioning, electrical systems, paving, and floor systems. For the 2014-15 school year, the district has budgeted \$1,775,000.00 for the deferred maintenance program. This represents 0.72% of the district's general fund budget.



The table shows the results of the most recent school facilities inspection. While reviewing this report, please note that even minor discrepancies are reported in the inspection process. The items noted in the table have been corrected or are in the process of remediation.

School Facility Conditions								
Date of Last Inspection: 09/12/2014								
				ary of School Facility Conditions: Poor				
Items Inspected	Facility Component System Status			Deficiency & Remedial Actions Taken or Planned				
	Good	Fair	Poor					
Systems (Gas Leaks, Mech/ HVAC, Sewer)			х	Room S1 - the room does not have air conditioning components installed (X); Room W49 - there is no HVAC unit, it was the same last year (X); West Campus Girls Locker Room - the HVAC is under repair (X);				
Interior		х		Boys Restroom Next to Room 39 - there is graffiti; Boys Restroom Next to W105 - there is torn flooring; Boys Restroom Next to Room W33 - graffiti; Main Gym - the entry doors to the gym are missing the pull handles, on the north wall there are missing wall tiles; Room W39 - the blinds are broken; Room D15 - the wall covering is torn and has graffiti on it; Room W54 - there are no window blinds; Room W101 - the floor has a large structural hole, and is dirty. There is a lot of clutter; Room W109- the floor is stained; Room W13 - the classroom has a lot of clutter, and the floor is dirty; Room W203 - there are stains on the floor; West Campus Girls Locker Room - there are holes in the ceiling; Room W26 - there are stains on the floor; Room T6 - the wall covering is torn in multiple areas and there is no classroom number.				
Cleanliness (Overall Cleanliness, Pest/Vermin Infestation)		х		Room B12 - the floor is dirty; Room D15 - the floor is dirty; Room D4 - the floor is dirty; Room D5 - the floor is dirty; Room D9 - the floor is dirty; Room E4 - the floor is dirty; Room G1 - the floor is dirty; Room G5 - the floor is dirty; Room S3 - the floor is dirty; Room T1 - the carpet is worn and dirty and there is no classroom number; Room T3 - the carpet is worn and dirty and there is no classroom number; Room W20 - a lot of clutter and the floor is dirty; Room W203 - there are stains on the floor; Room W26 - there are stains on the floor; Room W30 - the floor is dirty; West Campus Boys Locker Room - cobwebs and dust on the lockers;				
Electrical			x	 Auxiliary Gym - there are three lights out; Boys Locker Room(Main Campus) there are ten lights out; Boys Restroom (B Hall) - there is one light out; Boys Restroom Next to Room W105 - there is one light out; Cafeteria(West Campus) there is one light out; Girls Restroom(Main Gym) - there are two lights out; Main Gym - there are two lights out; Gym Lobby - there are two lights out; Room A101 - there are two lights out and two missing light covers; Room A103 there is one light out and a cracked light cover; Room D9 - there is one light out; Room S5 there is one light out; Room S3 - there is one light out; Room W107 - there are two lights out; Room W109 - there is one light out in the restroom and two lights out in the classroom; Room W 20 - there is one cracked light cover; West Campus Boys Locker Room - there is one missing light cover. 				
Restrooms/Fountains			x	Girls Restroom by Classroom 3 - the faucet handle is missing the cap; Boys Locker Room (Main Campus) - the floor is dirty in the restrooms; Boys Restroom B Hall - the floor is dirty; Boys Restroom by S3 - the floor is dirty; Boys Restroom (Main Gym) - the floor is dirty and the first faucet does not work; Boys Restroom Next to Room 39 - dirty urinals; Boys Restroom Next to Room W33 - there are two faucets that are not working; Girls Locker Room (Main Campus) - the restroom floor is dirty; Girls Restroom (Main Gym) - the floor and sinks are dirty. The middle sink faucet is not working; Girls Restroom B Hall - one faucet is loose; Girls Restroom Next to Room C3 - paint on the partitions is peeling; West Campus Boys Locker Room - the restroom has a urine smell and no sign. Girls Locker Room (Main Campus) - the drinking fountain has low water pressure;				
Safety (Fire Safety, Hazardous Materials)			x	Room D4 - the fire extinguisher is not mounted; Room S1 - there is a heater in the corner of the room; Room W13 - the fire extinguisher is blocked; Room W32 - there is a blocked fire extinguisher; Room W51 - the electrical panel and fire extinguisher are blocked. Room W13 - there are chemicals out (X).				
Structural (Structural Damage, Roofs)	х							
External (Grounds, Windows, Doors, Gates, Fences)	x			Grounds - there is lots of gum and trash throughout the campus. Girls Restroom by Room S3 - the entry door to the restroom does not close.				

Instructional Materials (School Year 2014-15)

Twin Rivers Unified held a public hearing on October 7, 2014, and determined that each school within the district had sufficient and good quality textbooks, instructional materials, or science lab equipment pursuant to the settlement of *Williams vs. the State of California.* All students, including English learners, are given their own individual standards-aligned textbooks or instructional materials, or both, in core subjects for use in the classroom and to take home. Textbooks and supplementary materials are adopted according to a cycle developed by the California Department of Education, making the textbooks used in the school the most current available. Materials approved for use by the State are reviewed by all teachers and a recommendation is made to the School Board by a selection committee composed of teachers and administrators. All recommended materials are available for parent examination at the district office prior to adoption. The table displays information collected in June 2014, about the quality, currency, and availability of the standards-aligned textbooks and the instructional materials used at the school.

	District-Adopted Textbooks									
Grade Levels	Subject	Publisher	Adoption Year	Sufficient	% Lacking					
9th- 12th	ELD	National Geographic / Hampton Brown	2008	Yes	0.0%					
9th- 12th	English/ Language Arts	McDougal Littell	2002	Yes	0.0%					
9th- 12th	Foreign Language	Holt	2008	Yes	0.0%					
9th- 12th	Foreign Language	Holt	2006	Yes	0.0%					
9th- 12th	Foreign Language	Holt	2005	Yes	0.0%					
9th- 12th	Foreign Language	Houghton Mifflin	2002	Yes	0.0%					
9th- 12th	Foreign Language	Pearson/ Prentice Hall	2008	Yes	0.0%					
12th	Health	Pearson	2014	Yes	0.0%					
11th	History/Social Studies	Glencoe/ McGraw Hill	2006	Yes	0.0%					
12th	History/Social Studies	Pearson/ Prentice Hall	2006	Yes	0.0%					
10, 12	History/Social Studies	Pearson/ Prentice Hall	2007	Yes	0.0%					
9th- 12th	Mathematics	College Preparatory Math	2014	Yes	0.0%					
9th- 12th	Mathematics	Houghton Mifflin/ McDougal Littell	2008	Yes	0.0%					
9th- 12th	Science	Glencoe/ McGraw Hill	2007	Yes	0.0%					
9th- 12th	Science	Holt	2007	Yes	0.0%					
9th- 12th	Science	Pearson/ Prentice Hall	2006	Yes	0.0%					

For a complete list, visit http://www.axiomadvisors.net/livesarc/ files/34765053433794Textbooks_1.pdf

B. Pupil Outcomes

State Priority: Pupil Achievement

The SARC provides the following information relevant to the Pupil Achievement State Priority (Priority 4):

• Statewide assessments (i.e., California Assessment of Student Performance and Progress and its predecessor the Standardized Testing and Reporting Program);

- The Academic Performance Index; and
- The percentage of pupils who have successfully completed courses that satisfy the requirements for entrance to the University of California and the California State University, or career technical education sequences or programs of study.

California Assessment of Student Performance and Progress/Standardized Testing and Reporting Results

California EC Section 60640 authorized the replacement of the Standardized Testing and Reporting (STAR) Program with a new assessment program, referred to as the CAASPP. On March 7, 2014, the U.S Department of Education (ED) approved California's waiver request for flexibility in assessment and accountability provisions of Title I of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act (ESEA). Science assessments include California Standards Tests (CSTs), California Modified Assessment (CMA), and California Alternate Performance Assessment (CAPA).

The first table displays the percent of students achieving at the Proficient or Advanced level (meeting or exceeding the state standards) in science (for grades 5, 8, and 10), for the most recent three-year period.

California Assessment of Student Performance and Progress									
Subject	School			District			State		
	2012	2013	2014	2012	2013	2014	2012	2013	2014
Science	29	32	37	46	44	48	60	59	60

The second table displays the percent of students, by group, achieving at the Proficient or Advanced level (meeting or exceeding the state standards) for the most recent testing period.

California Assessment of Student Performance and Progress						
Subgroups						
Subject	Science					
District	48					
School	37					
Males	40					
Females	35					
African American/Black	28					
American Indian	*					
Asian	46					
Filipino	*					
Hispanic	37					
Pacific Islander	33					
White	59					
Socioeconomically Disadvantaged	37					
Students with Disabilities	17					
Migrant Education	*					
Two or More Races	*					
*Scores are not disclosed when fewer than						

10 students are tested in a grade level and/or

subgroup.

California Standards Test

The California Standards Test (CST), a component of the STAR Program, is administered to all students in the spring to assess student performance in relation to the State Content Standards. Student scores are reported as performance levels: Advanced (exceeds state standards), Proficient (meets standards), Basic (approaching standards), Below Basic (below standards), and Far Below Basic (well below standards).

The table displays the percent of students achieving at the Proficient or Advanced level (meeting or exceeding the state standards) in English/language arts, mathematics, and social science, for the most recent three-year period. NOTE: CST was last administered in 2012-13.

For detailed information regarding the STAR Program results for each grade and performance level, including the percent of students not tested, see the CDE STAR Results Web site at http://star.cde.ca.gov.

California Standards Test (CST)								
Subject School District				State				
2011	2012	2013	2011	2012	2013	2011	2012	2013
27	33	34	40	42	40	54	56	55
9	13	10	41	41	40	49	50	50
30	34	34	29	31	31	48	49	49
	2011 27 9	School 2011 2012 27 33 9 13	School 2011 2012 2013 27 33 34 9 13 10	School 2011 2012 2013 2011 27 33 34 40 9 13 10 41	School District 2011 2012 2013 2011 2012 27 33 34 40 42 9 13 10 41 41	School District 2011 2012 2013 2011 2012 2013 27 33 34 40 42 40 9 13 10 41 41 40	School District 2011 2012 2013 2011 2012 2013 2011 27 33 34 40 42 40 54 9 13 10 41 41 40 49	School District State 2011 2012 2013 2012 2013 2011 2012 27 33 34 40 42 40 54 56 9 13 10 41 41 40 49 50

*Scores are not disclosed when fewer than 10 students are tested in a grade level and/or subgroup.

Academic Performance Index

The Academic Performance Index (API) is a score on a scale of 200 to 1,000 that annually measures the academic performance and progress of individual schools in California. The state has set 800 as the API score that schools should strive to meet.

Statewide Rank: Schools receiving an API Base score are ranked in ten categories of equal size (deciles) from 1 (lowest) to 10 (highest), according to type of school (elementary, middle, or high school).

Similar Schools Rank: Schools also receive a ranking that compares that school to 100 other schools with similar demographic characteristics. Each set of 100 schools is ranked by API score from 1 (lowest) to 10 (highest) to indicate how well the school performed compared to similar schools.

Note: For 2014 and subsequent years, the statewide and similar schools ranks will no longer be produced.

The table displays the school's API ranks and actual API point changes by student group for the past three years.

API School Results								
	2011	2012	2013					
Statewide	1	2	2					
Similar Schools	3	6	6					
Group	10-11	11-12	12-13					
All Stude	ents at the	School						
Actual API Change	-12	29	-					
Black or	African A	merican						
Actual API Change	-22	24	5					
	Asian							
Actual API Change	-26	22	-1					
Hisp	anic or La	tino						
Actual API Change	13	26	-8					
Socioeconor	nically Dis	advantageo	b					
Actual API Change	-9	28	-2					
Eng	lish Learn	ers						
Actual API Change	-16	15	-17					
Student	s with Dis	abilities						
Actual API Change	-44	65	-24					

UC/CSU Course Completion

Students at Grant High School are encouraged to take University of California/California State University (UC/CSU) preparatory courses if they plan to attend a four-year university. All students must pass each course with a grade no lower than a 'C'.

UC/CSU Course Enrollment						
	Percentage					
Student Enrolled in Courses Required for UC/CSU Admission (2013-14)	70.0%					
Graduates Who Completed All Courses Required for UC/ CSU Admission (2012-13)	34.5%					
* Duplicated Count (one student can be enrolled in several courses).						

Workforce Preparation (School Year 2012-13)

It is the goal of Grant Union High School that students understand the importance of academic subjects and experience how employees apply subject learning to work situations. The school's programs focus on preparing students to think conceptually, communicate effectively, and apply skills in real-world contexts. Curriculum and instructional strategies to foster critical thinking, problem solving, leadership, and academic skills ensure work-readiness skills. Marla Miller is the primary contact for Twin Rivers School District's Career Technical Committee.

Grant Union High School has a significant number of Career Technical Education Programs. The programs often articulate with postsecondary institutions, as well as with industry and agencies such as Sacramento PD. The staff of the Vocational Education Department at Grant Union High School is constantly seeking ways to improve educational opportunities better to prepare students for the world of work. The school offers the following courses:

- Web Design
- Television/Video Production
- Electricity
- Copier Repair
- Criminal Justice

The students are evaluated in the courses through grades, projects, portfolios, interviews, and worksite evaluation.

Grant Union High School offers a variety of programs to help students explore career and employment options. Regional Occupational Program (ROP) classes provide advanced training and employment opportunities with local businesses. ROP classes are available in:

- Maritime Careers
 Marketing
- Retail Sales
 Electronics
- Advanced Digital Media
 Computer Assisted Design
- Environmental Horticulture
 Nursery and Floriculture
- •Law

The table displays questions and answers about student participation in Grant Union High School's Career Technical Education (CTE) programs.

Enrollment & Program Completion in Career/ Technical Education (CTE) Programs (Carl Perkins Vocational and Technical Education Act)						
Question	Response					
How many of the school's pupils participate in CTE?	797					
What percent of the school's pupils complete a CTE program and earn a high school diploma?	98.6%					
What percent of the school's CTE courses are sequenced or articulated between the school and institutions of post secondary education?	83.0%					

Physical Fitness (School Year 2013-14)

In the spring of each year, Twin Rivers Unified schools are required by the state to administer a physical fitness test to all students in fifth, seventh and ninth grades. The physical fitness test is a standardized evaluation that measures each student's ability to perform fitness tasks in six major areas. Students that meet or exceed the standards in all six fitness areas are considered to be physically fit or in the healthy fitness zone (HFZ).

Percentage of Students in Healthy Fitness Zone 2013-14							
Grade Level	Four of Six Five of Six Six of Six						
9	25.6%	23.6%	24.5%				

*Scores are not disclosed when fewer than 10 students are tested in a grade level and/or subgroup.

State Priority: Other Pupil Achievement

The SARC provides the following information relevant to the Other Pupil Outcomes State Priority:

• Pupil outcomes in the subject areas of English, mathematics, and physical education.

California High School Exit Examination (CAHSEE) Results for All Grade Ten Students (School Year 2013-14)

The California High School Exit Exam is primarily used as a graduation requirement in California, but the results of this exam are also used to determine Adequate Yearly Progress (AYP) for high schools, as required by the Federal No Child Left Behind (NCLB) law. The CAHSEE has an English language/ arts section and a math section and, for purposes of calculating AYP, three performance levels were set: Advanced, Proficient, and Not Proficient. The score a student must achieve to be considered Proficient is different than the passing score for the graduation requirement. The first table displays the percent of students achieving at the Proficient or Advanced level for the past three years. The second table displays the percent of students, by group, achieving at each performance level in English language/arts and math separately for the most recent testing period.

CAHSEE By Subject for All Grade Ten Students									
		2011-12		2012-13			2013-14		
	School	District	State	School	District	State	School	District	State
English	31	37	56	29	34	57	35	32	56
Mathematics	33	37	58	32	35	60	36	34	62

CAHSEE By Student Group for All Grade Ten Students									
		English		Mathematics					
	Not Proficient	Proficient	Advanced	Not Proficient	Proficient	Advanced			
All Students District	61	23	16	58	31	12			
All Students School	65	24	11	64	31	5			
Male	67	24	9	60	34	6			
Female	62	24	14	68	29	4			
African American	65	28	6	74	26	0			
Asian	61	25	14	52	36	13			
Hispanic or Latino	67	20	13	62	34	3			
White	44	41	16	55	32	13			
English Learners	98	2	0	85	13	2			
Socioeconomically Disadvantaged	65	24	11	63	32	5			
Students with Disabilities	94	6	0	95	5	0			

C. Engagement

State Priority: Parental Involvement

The SARC provides the following information relevant to the Parental Involvement State Priority (Priority 3):

• Efforts the school district makes to seek parent input in making decisions for the school district and each schoolsite.

Parent & Community Involvement (School Year 2014-15)

Opportunities for parent and community involvement include: School Site Council (SSC), Parent Advisory Council (PAC), English Language Advisory Committee (ELAC), Booster Club, and schoolwide volunteer opportunities.

Contact Information

Parents who wish to participate in Grant Union High School's leadership teams, school committees, school activities or become a volunteer may contact the school's office at (916) 566-3450.

State Priority: Pupil Engagement

The SARC provides the following information relevant to the Pupil Engagement State Priority (Priority 5):

· High school dropout rates; and

High school graduation rates.

Dropout & Graduation Rates (Four-Year Cohort Rate)

Grant Union High School believes that effective instruction consists of the continuous building of new concepts upon existing ones and requires regular attendance and participation. In hopes of preventing and reducing dropouts, the following programs are made available to students: LEAP/ Charge, Power Forward, SST, and Attendance and Behavior.

Note: The National Center for Education Statistics graduation rate as reported in AYP is provided in the table.

Graduation & Dropout Rates							
	10-11	11-12	12-13				
Dropout Rate	20.4%	16.8%	14.8%				
Graduation Rate	73.5%	80.7%	80.8%				

Completion of High School Graduation Requirements -Class of 2013

Beginning with the graduating class of 2006, students in California public schools must pass both the English-language arts and mathematics portions of the California High School Exit Examination (CAHSEE) to receive a high school diploma. For students who began the 2013-14 school year in the 12th grade, the table displays by student group the number who met all state and local graduation requirements for grade 12 completion, including having passed both portions of the CAHSEE or received a local waiver or state exemption. Detailed information about the CAHSEE can be found at the CDE Web site at http://www.cde.ca.gov/ta/tg/hs/.

Completion of High School Graduation Requirements						
	School	District	State			
All Students	85.4%	67.1%	84.6%			
African American/Black	85.4%	61.6%	75.9%			
American Indian	100%	53.1%	77.8%			
Asian	92.2%	81%	92.9%			
Filipino	25%	68.8%	92.2%			
Hispanic or Latino	81.1%	61.3%	80.8%			
Pacific Islander	81.8%	66.7%	84.1%			
White	90%	73.7%	90.2%			
Two or More Races	100%	73.1%	89%			
English Learners	57.3%	49.3%	53.7%			
Socioeconomically Disadvantaged	93.1%	69.7%	82.6%			
Students with Disabilities	58.7%	55.1%	60.3%			

State Priority: School Climate

The SARC provides the following information relevant to the School Climate State Priority (Priority 6):

- Pupil suspension rates;
- · Pupil expulsion rates; and
- Other local measures on the sense of safety.

Discipline & Climate for Learning

Grant Union High School fosters an atmosphere that is conducive to learning, both on campus and at related activities. The school places emphasis on the safety and well-being of everyone at the school and believes that students have a right to learn and teachers have a right to teach. School rules and policies outlining dress code, attendance, school rules, and disciplinary procedures, are sent home to parents and students each summer, and are printed in binder dividers. These rules are reviewed at the Ninth Grade Parent Orientation, and Back-to-School Night, as well as in the school newsletter and memos sent home to parents. Policies are also discussed with future students during visits to the middle school.

The suspensions and expulsions for the past three years are illustrated in the chart. Suspensions are reported as total number of incidents, not students suspended, as some students may have been suspended on multiple occasions. Suspensions and expulsions rates reflect incidents divided by total enrollment.

The three-year statewide rates for comparison are as follows:

2011-12: 5.7% 2012-13: 5.1% 2013-14: 4.4%

The statewide expulsion rate has been 0.1% for each of the last three years.

Suspensions & Expulsions								
	School							
	11-12	12-13	13-14	11-12	12-13	13-14		
Suspensions	582	399	481	5588	5607	5513		
Suspension Rate	28.7%	20.7%	24.2%	17.7%	17.8%	17.7%		
Expulsions	5	3	0	18	12	20		
Expulsion Rate	0.2%	0.2%	0.0%	0.1%	0.0%	0.1%		

Other SARC Information

The information in this section is required to be in the SARC but is not included in the state priorities for LCFF.

Adequate Yearly Progress (School Year 2013-14)

No Child Left Behind (NCLB) is a federal law enacted in January 2002 that reauthorized the Elementary and Secondary Education Act (ESEA). It mandates that all students (including students who are economically disadvantaged, are from racial or ethnic minority groups, have disabilities, or have limited English proficiency) in all grades meet the state academic achievement standards for Mathematics and English/Language Arts by 2014. Schools must demonstrate "Adequate Yearly Progress" (AYP) toward achieving that goal. The Federal NCLB Act requires that all schools and districts meet the following Adequate Yearly Progress (AYP) requirements:

- Participation rate on the state's standards-based assessments in English/Language Arts (ELA) and Mathematics.
- Percent proficient on the state's standards-based assessments in ELA and mathematics.
- · API as an additional indicator.
- · Graduation rate (for secondary schools).

There are several consequences for schools that do not meet the AYP standards, including additional tutoring and replacing of staff. Students would also be allowed to transfer to schools (within their district) that have met their AYP, and the former school would be required to provide the transportation to the new site. Results of school and district performance are displayed in the chart.

Adequate Yearly Progress (AYP)						
	Sch	lool	District			
Made AYP Overall	N	lo	N	/A		
Met AYP Criteria	English - Language Arts	Mathematics	English - Language Arts	Mathematics		
Participation Rate	Yes	Yes	N/A	N/A		
Percent Proficient	No	No	N/A	N/A		
API School Results	Ν	/A	N/A			
Graduation Rate	Ye	es	N	/A		

Federal Intervention Program (School Year 2014-15)

Schools and districts receiving Federal Title I funding enter Program Improvement (PI) if they do not make AYP for two consecutive years in the same content area (English/Language Arts or Mathematics) or on the same indicator (API or graduation rate). After entering PI, schools and districts advance to the next level of intervention with each additional year that they do not make AYP.

For detailed information about PI identification, see the CDE PI Status Determinations Web page: http://www.cde.ca.gov/ta/ac/ay/tidetermine. asp.

Federal Intervention Programs							
	School	District					
Program Improvement (PI) Status	In PI	In Pl					
First Year in PI	1998-1999	2010-2011					
Year in PI (2014-15)	Year 5	Year 3					
# of Schools Currently in PI	-	51					
% of Schools Identified for PI	-	100.0%					

Admission Requirements for California's Public Universities

University of California

Admission requirements for the University of California (UC) follow guidelines set forth in the Master Plan, which requires that the top oneeighth of the state's high school graduates, as well as those transfer students who have successfully completed specified college course work, be eligible for admission to the UC. These requirements are designed to ensure that all eligible students are adequately prepared for Universitylevel work.

For general admission requirements, please visit the UC Admissions Information Web page at http://www.universityofcalifornia.edu/admissions/.

California State University

Eligibility for admission to the California State University (CSU) is determined by three factors:

Specific high school courses
 Graduation from high school
 Grades in specified courses and test scores

Some campuses have higher standards for particular majors or students who live outside the local campus area. Because of the number of students who apply, a few campuses have higher standards (supplementary admission criteria) for all applicants. Most CSU campuses have local admission guarantee policies for students who graduate or transfer from high schools and colleges that are historically served by a CSU campus in that region. For admission, application, and fee information see the CSU Web page at http://www.calstate.edu/admission/admission.shtml.

School Safety Plan

The School Site Safety Plan is evaluated and revised annually in the fall by school site staff members. Revisions to the Safety Plan are communicated to all staff members annually. Key elements to the Safety Plan include evacuation plans, drills, shelter-in-place, and dismissal procedures. The school is in compliance with the laws, rules, and regulations pertaining to harzardous materials and state earthquake standards.

School Leadership

Leadership at Grant High School is a responsibility shared between district administration, the principal, instructional staff, students, and parents. Primary leadership duties are assumed by Principal Darris Hinson. Opportunities for leadership include:

- School Advisory Committee
 School Site Council
 L
- ELAC • Leadership Team
- All staff members have the opportunity to sit on the Leadership Team, which is comprised of department chairs, administrators, and other staff. The team is responsible for advising the School Site Council on the development, implementation and monitoring of the site plan.

Advanced Placement Classes (School Year 2013-14)

Grant Union High School encourages students to continue their education past high school. Grant Union High School offers Advanced Placement (AP) courses for those students seeking to qualify for college credit. Juniors and seniors achieving a score of three, four, or five on the final AP exams qualify for college credit at most of the nation's colleges.

Advanced Placement Classes						
	# of Courses					
Foreign Language	1					
Mathematics	4					
Science	2					
Social Science	5					
Totals	12					
Percent of Students in AP Courses	0.5%					

Class Size

The table indicates the average class size by grade level or subject area, as well as the number of classrooms that fall into each size category.

Class Size Distribution												
					(Class	sroor	ns C	ontai	ning	:	
			verage 1-20 21-32 ss Size Students Students		33+ Students							
	12	13	14	12	13	14	12	13	14	12	13	14
				Ву	Sub	ject A	vrea					
	25	21	23	33	50	34	35	41	48	19	7	11
	25	23	23	23	31	31	32	39	26	15	9	23
	26	24	25	15	23	20	43	37	33	6	7	12
Social	26	25	24	16	19	22	25	19	31	14	19	11

Counseling & Support Staff (School Year 2013-14)

In addition to academics, the staff at Grant Union High School strives to assist students in their social and personal development. Staff members are trained to recognize at-risk behavior in all students. The school values the importance of on-site counseling and has procedures in place to ensure that students receive the services they need. The counselor to pupil ratio is 1:331. The chart lists support staff that are available to all students at Grant Union High School.

Note: One Full Time Equivalent (FTE) equals one staff member working full time; one FTE could also represent two staff members who each work 50 percent of full time.

Counseling & Support Services Staff								
	Number of Staff	Full Time Equivalent						
Academic Counselor	6	6.0						
Bilingual Paraeducators	2	2.0						
Health Assistant	1	1.0						
Library Media Technician	1	1.0						
Nurse	1	0.40						
Psychologist	2	1.8						
Resource Specialist Program (RSP) Teacher	5	5.0						
RSP Aide	5	3.75						
Special Day Class (SDC) Teacher	9	9.0						
Speech and Language Specialist	1	0.50						

Teacher Evaluation & Professional Development

A constructive evaluation process promotes quality instruction and is a fundamental element in a sound educational program. Evaluations and both formal and non-formal, non-evaluative observations are designed to promote high quality instruction as well as comply with the state's evaluation criteria and district policies. Temporary and probationary teachers are evaluated annually and tenured teachers are evaluated every other year.

Evaluations are conducted by an administrator, who has been trained and certified for competency to perform teacher evaluations. Evaluation criteria are adapted from the California Standards for the Teaching Profession and address the following domains: Engaging and Supporting All Students in Learning, Creating and Maintaining Effective Environments. Understanding and Organizing Subject Matter, Planning Instruction and Designing Learning Experiences, Assessing Student Learning, and Developing as a Professional Educator.

Teachers and other certificated staff build skills and develop educational concepts through the participation in conferences and after school workshops throughout the year. In the 2013-2014 school year, Twin Rivers Unified School District offered 2 non-student professional development days for elementary teachers and secondary teachers. Professional Learning Communities (PLCs) were organized, met regularly, and collaborated during dedicated periods at each school site during late-start days. Professional development sessions were focused on Transitioning/Implementation of the Common Core Standards for all grade levels. These strategies include teaching practices for promoting 21st century skills. For the 2013-2014 year, the district supported approximately 73 beginning teachers through the district's BTSA program and coached a cohort of NBCT (National Board Certification for Teachers) candidates. TRUSD recognized 5 brand-new National Board Certified Teachers at the end of the year.

School Site Teacher Salaries (Fiscal Year 2012-13)

The chart illustrates the average teacher salary at the school and compares it to the average teacher salary at the district and state.

Average Teacher Salaries		
School & District		
School	\$63,328	
District	\$68,898	
Percentage of Variation	-8.1%	
School & State		
All Unified School Districts	\$70,720	
Percentage of Variation	-10.5%	

Teacher & Administrative Salaries (Fiscal Year 2012-13)

This table displays district salaries for teachers, principals, and superintendents, and compares these figures to the state averages for districts of the same type and size. The table also displays teacher and administrative salaries as a percent of the districts budget, and compares these figures to the state averages for districts of the same type and size. Detailed information regarding salaries may be found at the CDE Web site, www.cde.ca.gov.

Average Salary Information Teachers - Principal - Superintendent		
2012-13		
	District	State
Beginning Teachers	\$40,000	\$41,761
Mid-Range Teachers	\$54,473	\$66,895
Highest Teachers	\$85,204	\$86,565
Elementary School Principals	\$100,560	\$108,011
Middle School Principals	\$105,080	\$113,058
High School Principals	\$114,809	\$123,217
Superintendent	\$205,358	\$227,183
Salaries as a Percentage of Total Budget		
Teacher Salaries	37.0%	38.0%
Administrative Salaries	6.0%	5.0%

Expenditures & Services Funded (Fiscal Year 2012-13)

Based on 2012-13 FY audited financial statements, the table provides a comparison of a school's per pupil funding from unrestricted sources with other schools throughout the state.

In addition to general state funding, Twin Rivers Unified School District receives state and federal funding for the following categorical funds and other support programs:

Total Expenditures Per Pupil

From Basic/Unrestricted Sources

From Basic/Unrestricted Sources

From Basic/Unrestricted Sources

From Supplemental/Restricted Sources

Expenditures per Pupil

School

District

State

Percentage of Variation between School & District

Percentage of Variation between School & State

\$7,035

\$2,018

\$5,017

\$4.698

6.8%

\$4,690

7.0%

- Targeted Instruction Improvement Block Grant**
- PE Block Grant**
- · School and Library Improvement Block Grant**
- EIA-LEP
- · Gifted and Talented Education
- EIA-SCE
- Carl Perkins
- Healthy Start
- Quality Education Investment Act
- Medi-Cal
- After School Education & Safety
- Head Start
- State Lottery
- English Language Acquisition Program
- Title II
- CA Partnership Academies
- Title I
 Charter School Fund
- Title III
- Special Education
- Pupil Retention Block Grant

Supplemental/Restricted expenditures come from money that is controlled by law or donor. Money designated for specific purposes by the district or governing board is not considered restricted. Basic/unrestricted expenditures, except for general guidelines, is not controlled by law or donor.

For detailed information on school expenditures for all districts in California, see the CDE Current Expense of Education & Per-pupil Spending Web page at http://www.cde.ca.gov/ds/fd/ec/. For information on teacher salaries for all districts in California, see the CDE Certificated Salaries & Benefits Web page at http://www.cde.ca.gov/ds/fd/cs/. To look up expenditures and salaries for a specific school district, see the Ed-Data Web site at: http://www.ed-data.org.

Curriculum Development

All curriculum development at Grant Union High School revolves around the California State Common Core Standards. The writing and implementation of the Twin Rivers Unified School District's curriculum is an ongoing process. The district's curriculum guides are updated regularly to align with the state standards, district goals, and the statewide assessment program. Teachers align classroom curriculum to ensure that all students either meet or exceed state proficiency levels.

